

Name _____ Date _____

THE MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (SE-11)

DIRECTIONS: Using the fifteen words provided, fill in the blanks to make this explanation of the male reproductive system correct. Each will be used only once.

Cowper's gland
epididymis
erection
nocturnal emissions
orgasm
penis
prostate
scrotum

semen
seminal vesicle
sperm
testes
urine
urethra
vas deferens

First, _____ are produced in the small seminiferous tubules of the _____ . These oval-shaped glands are protected by a sac called the _____ . After the sperm cells are produced, they are stored in a large coiled tube on the outer surface of each testicle called the _____ . From this tube the sperm go into a larger tube called the _____ , which eventually carries them to the external male reproductive organ, the _____ . Along the way sperm is nourished by a sugary fluid from the _____ , a chemical fluid from the _____ which is the most common site of cancer in men, and fluid from the _____ which are two small glands located near the bladder. These fluids plus the sperm cells combine to form _____ , the fluid ejaculated from the penis during _____ . Before a male can ejaculate, the spongy tissue surrounding the penis becomes engorged with blood causing the penis to become stiff and hard. This is known as an _____ . The tube that carries the semen from the body is the _____ . This tube also carries _____ from the bladder. Males can also have uncontrolled ejaculation during sleep, which are called _____ .